#### **MONDAY • Sentences and Punctuation**

A sentence is group of words that express a complete thought.

A sentence fragment is a group of words that don't form a complete sentence.

- 1. Circle the complete sentence. Underline the sentence fragment.
  - a) Seashells on the beach.
- b) I collected seashells on the beach.
- 2. The *complete subject* contains all the words that tell who or what the sentence is about. Circle the complete subject.
  - a) The soccer game is on Sunday afternoon.
  - b) The neighbourhood children played baseball in the field.
- 3. The *complete predicate* includes the verb and all the words that tell about what happened in the sentence. Underline the complete predicate.
  - a) The soccer game is on Sunday afternoon.
  - b) The neighbourhood children played baseball in the field.

Examples: Cindy Masonville Mall Valentine's Day

Write two examples of a proper noun.

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#### **TUESDAY • Grammar and Usage**

Common nouns name people, places, and things that are not specific. Verbs are action words. Adjectives are describing words.

1. Sort the words into the correct category.

1. Sort t	ne wor	rus III	to the	correc	i cale	gory.						
tree	drive	sky s	song	happy	feel	pape	r wonder	ful kir	nd sit l	nouse	beach	
clear	mall	sing	play	watch	large	run	baseball	fast	mounta	in tiny	dance	
Noun	s:											
Verbs	s:											
Adjec	ctives:											
-						•	fic peopl per noun			•		ays

September

Monday

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### **WEDNESDAY • Figures of Speech**

1.	Fill in the definitions using the words literal and figurative.	
	language means exactly what it says language is a word	
	or phrase that does not have its normal, everyday, literal meaning.	
2.	Alliteration is when two or more words in a phrase or sentence start with the same sound.	
	Example: <u>C</u> arla was <u>c</u> alm, <u>c</u> ool, and <u>c</u> ollected.	
	Underline the letters or sounds that repeat.	
	Casey cut the cloth to create a cute carryall.	
3.	An <i>analogy</i> compares two things that seem different, and shows the relationship between them.	
	Examples: night = dark as day = light apple = fruit as carrot = vegetable	

## **THURSDAY • Vocabulary and Spelling**

Write the missing word. fork = eat as cup = \_\_\_

1. A root or base word is a word that has a prefix or suffix added to it.

Base word	With prefix re	With suffix <i>ing</i>
build	<u>re</u> build	buildi <u>ng</u>

Identify and write the base word.

a)	readable	b	) unimpoi	rtant	
/			,		

- 2. A *synonym* is a word that has the same meaning as another word. Circle the synonym for the bolded word.
  - a) close sweater shut b) joy anger happiness
- 3. An *antonym* is a word that has the opposite meaning to another. Circle the antonym for the bolded word.
  - a) all everything none b) best worst finest

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# FRIDAY • Writing Prompt

A <i>proverb</i> is a saying that offers some advice on how to live your life.
1. a) Explain what you think the proverb below means. Draw the saying.  "Every cloud has a silver lining."
b) Do you think this is good advice? Explain your thinking.
☐ I checked for correct spelling. ☐ I organized my ideas in a way that makes sense ☐ I checked for correct punctuation. ☐ I used linking words to connect my ideas. ☐ I used interesting words. ☐ Challenge: I used a figure of speech.

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